Advanced Electrical Materials For Traction Current Collectors







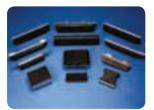
Aegis SGR™



2 Wheel Flange Lubrication



3 Earthing Unit



4 3rd Rail Shoes



5 Holders

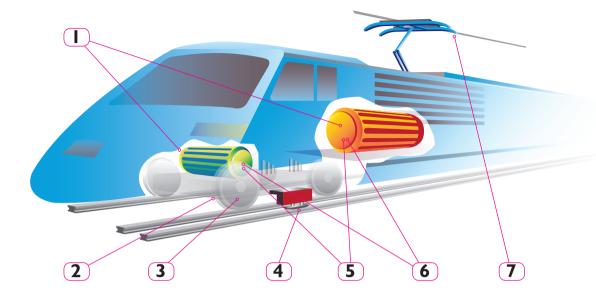


6 Brushes and Contacts



7 Pantograph Carbons

Traction Package

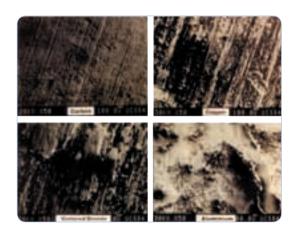


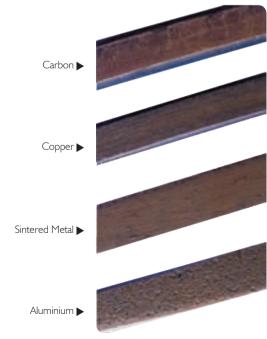
Carbon exhibits many operational and financial advantages over metallic materials as a linear current collector, and the benefits to user systems are becoming increasingly apparent as more of the world's railway, third rail and tram/trolleybus systems change to carbon.

Overhead current collection

On pantograph systems, the advantages of carbon include:

- Longer collector strip life, with lower maintenance costs and less frequent replacement
- Longer wire life, giving significant reductions in cost of maintenance for the overhead system
- Reduced mass for better current collection
- Carbon's inert qualities, which ensure that carbon will not weld to the conductor wire even after long periods of static current loading
- The ability to operate at high speeds (300km/ hour and more)
- The virtual elimination of electrical interference to telecommunications and signal circuits
- Negligible audible noise between rubbing surfaces.
- Laboratory and field comparisons between carbon and copper, sintered bronze or aluminium pantograph collector strips show many examples of up to tenfold increase in collector and wire life and recent studies in Japan show a projected 25% saving in total system operating costs.





Pantograph Strips

Morgan Offer a variety of collector strips to suit all your designs. Whatever your requirement Morgan Advanced Materials have the Pantograph strip for all applications.

Morgan Advanced Materials supply:-

- Full length metalised carbons
- Fitted and Integral end horns
- Kasperowski high current including auto drop in this design
- Light weight bonded Aluminium designs
- Auto-Drop collector strips
- Arc protected collectors
- Heated collectors
- Ice breaker collectors
- High current bonded collectors



Integral end horn

Whether it's crimped, rolled, tinned, soldered, or bonded Morgan Advanced Materials offers the best solution for retaining the carbon in the sheath.





Kasperowski



Fitted end hprn



Soldered





Self Supporting Collector Strips

Morgan Advanced Materials supply mainline railway systems with self supporting carbon collector strips including epoxy bonding of carbon to aluminium providing

- Reduction in pan head mass
- Improved dynamic response
- Reduction in maintenance and service costs

Morgan Advanced Materials has a unique method of achieving high mechanical strength whilst maintaining low resistance between carbon and metal carrier. Morgan Advanced Materials have also developed a unique method of transferring high currents to give a low resistance current path in bonded collectors, resulting in an innovative light weight solution for DC applications.

Please contact us for a complete 3rd party reference list. Credited with DIN 6701-2

Morgan Advanced Materials offer a variety of designs to suit your applications including arc protection alternatives.



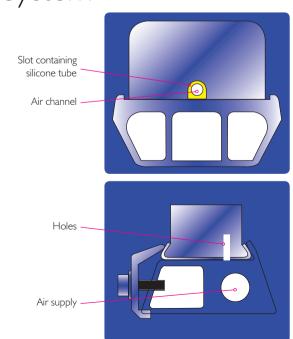
Morgan is an approved supplier to many systems worldwide including:

- Deutsche Bahn AG
- MAV Hungary
- PKP
- New Jersey Transit USA
- Guangzhou China
- NEDTRAIN Trenitalia
- Austrian Rail
- SNCF
- Amtrak USA
- Shanghai China
- MTRC
- UK Rail

Auto Drop Impact Detection System

Many high speed systems incorporate an impact detection system within the collector strip. This device enables the pantograph to be lowered if an impact was to occur severe enough to damage the pantograph head. The sensitivity of these systems varies according to the design, however the principle of all Auto-drop detection systems is the same.

The pantograph head is kept in place against the overhead wire by pneumatic pressure. When the carbon strip wears down to a particular level or is severely damaged, the air pressure is lost and the panhead drops away from the wire, preventing further damage. Morgan Advanced Materials have various designs which are running on many systems worldwide including UK railway systems, Deutsche Bahn AG, Le Shuttle, Eurostar, Austrian Rail, Amtrack USA, Dehli Metro India, and MTRC.



Materials for all Overhead Current Collection Systems

Morgan Advanced Materials is a leading global supplier to the Railway and Tramway Industry, providing products, services and solutions for current collector systems.

Morgan Advanced Materials offer technical support from our highly qualified engineers, who have experience and an in-depth understanding of collector systems.

Whether tramways, mail line or high speed applications our team have the material and design expertise to recommend the best solutions for your applications.



Material Grades for Overhead Current Collection

Grade	Description	Typical Running Current	Typical Static Current	Specific Resistance	Density	Transverse Bend Strength	Hardness
		(A /mm)	(A/mm)	(μΩm)	(g/cm³)	(MN/m²)	Sceleroscope
CY3TA	Plain Carbon Lead Free	6	I	38	1.7	30	85
CY280	Plain Carbon Graphite Lead Free	6	I	38	1.6	35	75
МҮ7А	Metalised CY3TA for higher strength and lower resistance Lead Free	10	2	10	2.4	75	90
MY7A2	Metalised CY280 for higher strength and lower resistance Lead Free	14	2.3	5	2.5	70	75
MY7D	Metalised CY3TA for higher strength and lower resistance	14	2.3	5	2.7	90	92
MY258	As MY7D but with improved resistivity	16	2.3	3	2.9	90	92
MY258A2	Modified version of MY7A2 with added impregnation strength & resistivity Lead Free	18	2.7	<2	2.7	75	85
MY258P	Metalised pressed grade with very low resistivity Lead Free	20	5	<	3.2	85	80
MY259	Metalised CY280 for higher strength and lower resistance	16	2.5	3	2.8	90	90
MYI3I	Metalised dense base carbon to give low weight version of met- alised grade Lead Free	10	2	8	2.2	80	105

The standard values for static current are based on the following criteria: 4kg contact force per strip (8.8 lbs) 107mm2 single wire catenary, partly worn 1500C max. catenary temperature (3020F)

Higher operating values are achievable under certain conditions. Please contact our engineers for further information, as typical running and static currents are for guidance only.



Carbon Inserts for Trolley Bus Shoes

Morgan Advanced Materials have longstanding experience in the transport market providing a breadth of application knowledge built up over time ensuring the best materials and designs.

Leveraging on this experience we supply trolley bus inserts that are durable and the best fit for this application, such as double tapered for a safe fit.



Material Grades for Trolley Bus Systems

Grade	Description	Typical Running Current	Specific Resistance	Density	Transverse Bend Strength	Hardness	
		(A/mm contact length)	(μΩm)	(g/cm³)	(MN/m²)	Sceleroscope	
CY3TA	Plain Carbon Lead Free	2.5	38	1.7	30	85	
CY280	Plain Carbon Graphite Lead Free	2.5	38	1.6	35	75	
CY3WA	Impregnated carbon for improved wear Lead Free	2.5	38	1.9	30	90	
МҮ7А	Metalised CY3TA for higher strength and lower resistance Lead Free	4	10	2.4	75	90	
MY7A2	Metalised CY280 for higher strength and lower resistance Lead Free	4	5	2.5	70	75	
MY7D	Metalised CY3TA for higher strength and lower resistance	4	5	2.7	90	92	
MY258A2	Modified version of MY7A2 with added impregnation strength & resistivity Lead Free	4	<2	2.7	75	85	
MY258P	Metalised pressed grade with very low resistivity Lead Free	4	<1	3.2	85	80	
MY259	Metalised CY280 for higher strength and lower resistance	4	3	2.8	90	90	
MYI3I	Metalised dense base carbon to give low weight version of metalised grade Lead Free	4	8	2.2	80	105	

Higher operating values are achievable under certain conditions. Please contact our engineers for further information, as typical running and static currents are for guidance only.

Materials for Third and Forth Rail Applications

Third and Fourth Rail Systems

Steel, cast-iron, copper or bronze shoes on third and fourth rail collection systems inflict mechanical damage to the rail because of their relatively high mass. Their high co-efficients of friction also create excessive wear both to the collector and the rail. Once wear takes place, electrically conductive - and some times magnetic - debris is created, so motor windings and other systems must be protected. Inevitably sparking between damaged rail and collector also occurs, causing further problems of interference to telecommunications and signalling systems.

The use of carbon-based collector materials virtually eliminates all these problems. Carbon's relatively low mass (one third that of copper) minimises mechanical hammer damage to the rail, and its self-lubricating properties ensure a patina of carbon is deposited on the rail reducing friction and wear and almost completely eliminating sparking. As an added bonus, the carbon patina provides a degree of natural de-icing capability.

Carbon is particularly valuable as a collector material on systems using aluminium rails with stainless steel caps, where the margin for damage is greatly reduced.



Material Grades for Third and Fourth Rail Systems

Grade	Description/Application	Typical Running Current	Typical Static Current	Specific Resistance	Density	Transverse Bend Strength	Hardness
		(A/cm²)	(A/cm²)	(μΩm)	(g/cm³)	(MN/m²)	Sceleroscope
CY3TA	Plain Carbon Lead Free	10	5	38	1.7	30	85
CY280	Plain Carbon Graphite Lead Free	10	5	38	1.6	35	75
МҮ7А	Metalised CY3TA for higher strength and lower resistance Lead Free	12	7	10	2.4	75	90
MY7A2	Metalised CY280 for higher strength and lower resistance Lead Free	12	7	5	2.5	70	75
MY258A2	Modified version of MY7A2 with added impregnation strength & resistivity Lead Free	12	7	<2	2.7	75	85
MY258P	Metalised pressed grade with very low resistivity Lead Free	12	7	<1	3.2	85	80
MYI3I	Metalised dense base carbon to give low weight version of metalised grade Lead Free	12	7	8	2.2	80	105
MY256	Metalised material with improved life suitable for underground applications Lead Free	12	7	6	2.5	70	90

Higher operating values are achievable under certain conditions. Please contact our engineers for further information, as typical running and static currents are for guidance only.



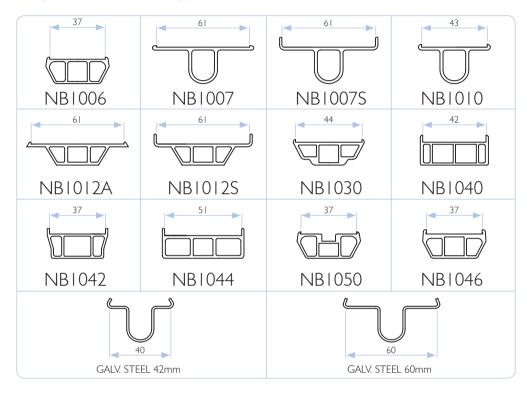
Collector Sections

Examples of some of the available carbon sections - however we can design and manufacture to all application requirements. Please contact us for further section patterns.

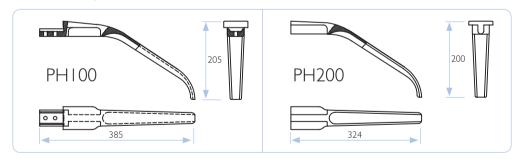
CS0039	23	CS1212	24
CS1213	26	CS1216	43
CS1222	40	CS1226	64 45 32
CS1244	28	CS1250	26
CS1252	25	CS1253	60
CS1256	40	CS1257	60
CS1260	60	CS1262	60
CS1263	43	CS1267	25

Sheaths and End Horns

Examples of some of the carrier profiles



End Horn Casings



The above are standard sheath patterns, however we can design and manufacture to all applications. We also offer an integral end horn designed to meet your requirements.



Research and Development

We are constantly developing new materials and products and have forged many technical partnerships with customers and European Development Projects.

To ensure we maximise on our R&D, we have Machine Testing and Analytical laboratories, these facilities also provide a service for our customers.

Machine Test Laboratory

- Dynamic life testing
- Static Load Testing
- Impact Testing
- Shear strength tests
- High & Low Velocity
- Tensile
- Deflection
- Contraction & Extension Testing









Material Analysis

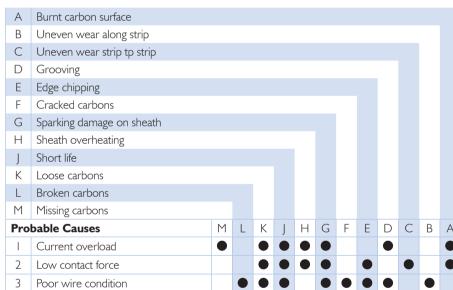
- Optical microscopy
- Atomic emission spectroscopy
- Atomic absorption spectroscopy
- FTIR spectroscopy
- Thermo gravimetric analysis
- Particle size analysis
- Mercury porosimetry
- Controlled stress rheology
- Thermal expansion
- X-Ray analysis

Sharing the Knowledge

Morgan offer:

- Local Sales Engineering Support
- Application Engineering
- Technical Support Team
- Technology
- Test & Development facilities
- Technical Training Courses either held at customers site, at a Morgan regional business unit or in our technical centre of excellence

Fault-finding reference chart



To use the chart, first select the symptom displayed by your system.

Trace the appropriate column down the chart.

Stop at each line containing a dot.

The wording on the left of the line indicates a probable cause and the wording on the right a possible remedy.

L	Broken carbons														
Μ	Missing carbons														
Pro	Probable Causes M L		Κ	J	Н	G	F	Е	D	С	В	Α	Possible Remedy		
- 1	Current overload			•		•				•				Reduce current load	I
2	Low contact force			•		•								Increase force if possible	2
3	Poor wire condition			•						•				Check overhead	3
4	Poor current path					•								Check current path	4
5	Wrong material	•			•	•			•				•	Check current loading	5
6	Poor wire stagger	•								•				Check stagger	6
7	Pantograph condition	•		•						•				Check mechanism	7
8	Wire suspension	•		•			•		•					Type of suspension	8
9	Sectional insulator setting	•		•						•				Check setting	9
10	Pivot angle													Correct angle	10
I	Head mass	•		•						•				Reduce mass	11
12	Mixed materials				•	•				•				Change to carbon	12
13	Mixed running													Fit all one grade	13
14	Weather conditions	•							•					Check weather pattern	14
15	Badly fitted carbons	•		•		•				•				Check fitting	15
16	Carbon section too small	•				•							•	Increase size carbon section	16
17	Carbon section too big													Reduce size carbon section	17
18	High contact force	•												Reduce force if possible	18
19	Panto speed	•												Check panto aerodynamics	19



ABOUT MORGAN ADVANCED MATERIALS



Morgan Advanced Materials is a global engineering company offering world-leading competencies in materials science, specialist manufacturing and applications engineering.

We focus our resources on the delivery of products that help our customers to solve technically challenging Problems, enabling them to address global trends such as energy demand, advances in healthcare and environmental sustainability.

What differentiates us?

Advanced material science and processing capabilities. Extensive applications engineering experience.

A strong history of innovation and reinvention. Consistent and reliable performance.

A truly global footprint. We find and invest in the best people.

For all enquiries, please contact our sales and manufacturing sites:

l	J	Κ
_	_	ı 🔪

Morgan Advanced Materials Upper Forest Way Swansea SA6 8PP UK

T +44 1792 763000 F +44 1792 763167

meclsales@morganplc.com

Hungary

Morgan Advanced Materials H-1106 Budapest Csillagvirág u. 7 Hungary

T +36 | 265 2206 F +36 | 265 | 219

sales.hungary@morganplc.com

Italy

Morgan Advanced Materials Via Roma 338 - 64014 Martinsicuro TE Italy

T +39 0861 7981 F +39 0861 760165

vendite.elettrico@morganplc.com

Germany

Morgan Advanced Materials Zeppelinstrasse 26 53424 Remagen Germany

T + 49 2264 9040 0 F + 49 2642 9040 25 I

salesde@morganplc.com

Morgan Advanced Materials plc Quadrant, 55-57 High Street, Windsor, Berkshire, SL4 1LP United Kingdom

www.morganadvancedmaterials.com www.morganelectricalmaterials.com